

Auditing the Department of Defense and a Yellow Book Primer

Defense Finance and Accounting Service

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- Defense Finance and Accounting Service (DFAS) Overview
- Department of Defense (DoD) Overview
- First Ever DoD-wide Audit
- Yellow Book Primer
- Closing Remarks

Background on the Defense Finance and Accounting Service (DFAS)

- DFAS is a DoD agency established 1991
- 12,000 employees at five locations
 - Cleveland OH, Columbus OH, Indianapolis IN, Rome NY, and Limestone, ME
- We support our troops
 - Pay All DoD military and civilian personnel, retirees and annuitants
 - Pay major DoD contractors and vendors
 - Prepare DoD annual financial statements



DFAS is Big Business



In FY 2018

- Processed 135.6 million pay transactions (6.5 million people/accounts)
- ✓ Made 6.2 million travel payments
- ✓ Paid 13.7 million commercial invoices
- Maintained 110.5 million general ledger accounts
- Managed \$1.08 trillion in Military Retirement and Health Benefits funds
- ✓ Made \$558 billion in disbursements
- Managed \$542 billion in Foreign Military Sales
- Accounted for 1,347 active DoD Appropriations

- Internal Review is Internal Audit
- 80 employees
- Conduct internal audits of DFAS
- Types of work we general do
 - Performance audits, agreed-upon procedures, investigations
 - Performance audits provided objective analysis, findings and conclusions to improve performance, operations, reduce costs, facilitate decision making







- United States Department of Defense, Agency Financial Report, Fiscal Year 2018 (236 pages)
- Understanding the Results of the Audit of the DoD FY 2018 Financial Statements, Inspector General U.S. Department of Defense, January 8, 2019 (40 pages)



needed to deter war and protect the security of our country.
Employs 2.9 million military and civilian employees

Mission: To provide the military forces

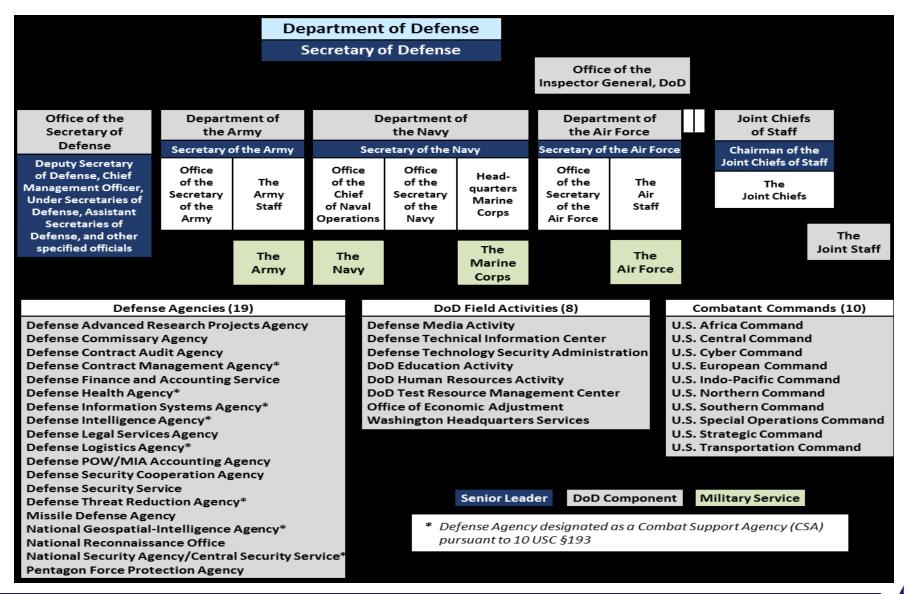
- Over 585,000 facilities (buildings and structures) located on over 4,700 sites in 160 countries
- Operate approximately
 - ✓ 15,700 aircraft
 - ✓ Over 280 Battle Force Ships





Department of Defense Organizational Structure



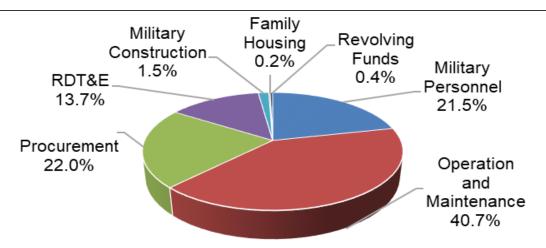


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In FY 2018, DoD received

✓ \$863.6 billion in congressional appropriations

- \$193 billion considered mandatory
- \$670.6 billion considered discretionary
 - DoD's discretionary spending is almost half the U.S. Government's discretionary spending
- DoD owns \$2.8 trillion is assets, which is approx. 77% of total government assets





Required by

- Chief Financial Officers Act of 1990 (CFO Act of 1990)
 - Required Federal agencies to prepare financial statements and have them audited by the agency's Inspector General or an independent external auditor
- National Defense Authorization Act of 2014
- 1991: DoD started audits with the Department of Army
- 1996: Began DoD Agency-wide financial audits
- 1996-2001: Only limited scope audits performed
- 2002-2018: Congress established due dates for DoD Audit Readiness efforts
 Integrity - Service - Innovation



- Secretary of Defense and Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)/Chief Financial Officer
- Component Secretaries and Chief Financial Executives
- Defense Finance and Accounting Service
- DoD Office of Inspector General
- Independent Public Accounting (IPA) Firms
- Government Accountability Office (GAO)

Why does DoD want Audited Financial Statements

- Audits provide Congress and the taxpayers an accurate assessment on where DoD spends its funds
- Can assist in deterring waste, fraud and abuse
- Audits include reviews of information technology and cyber security, which may help protect information.
- Help managers improve DoD operations.
- Audits include reviews of internal controls





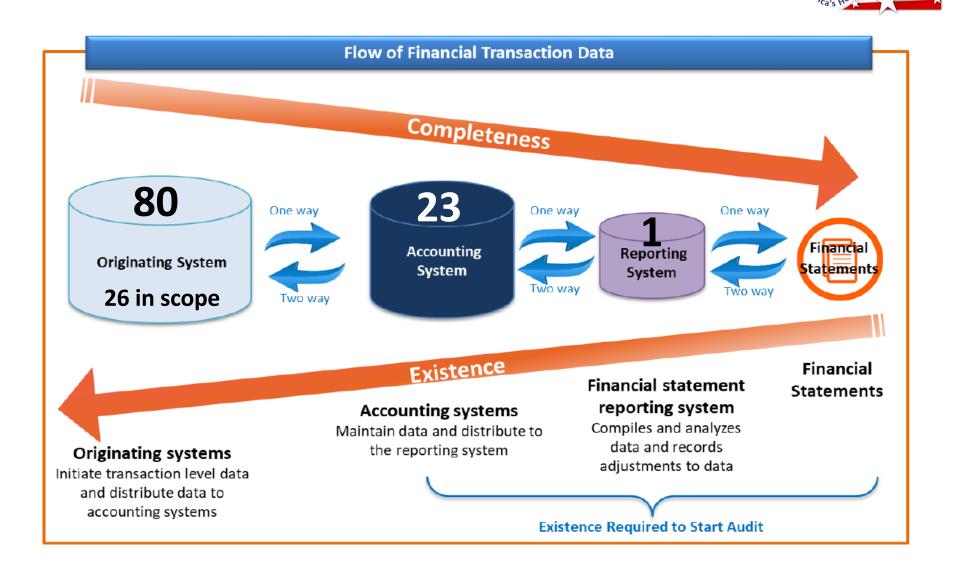


- FY 2018: The Department of Defense Office of Inspector General (DoD OIG) conducted FIRST audit of DoD's financial statements
- One of the largest financial statement audits in history
- Involved over 1,000 auditors from the DoD OIG and six Independent Public Accounting (IPA) firms
- Cost approximately \$413 million with \$192 million paid to IPAs and the remainder covering government cost to support the audit
- Massive scope
 - ✓ 40,000 requests for documentation
 - ✓ Tested over 90,000 sample items
 - ✓ Issued 2,000 notices of findings and recommendations



- Performed 21 audits consisting of audit procedures listed on the DoD's and DoD Components financial statements to determine if the balances were accurately presented.
- Also audited the DoD Agency-Wide Basic Financial Statements

DFAS Reconciliations Project





- Department of Army General Fund
- Department of Army Working Capital Fund
- U.S. Navy General Fund
- Department of Navy Working Capital Fund
- Department of the Air Force General Fund
- Department of Air Force Working Capital Fund
- U.S. Marine Corps General Funds
- Military Retirement Fund
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Civil Works Program



- Defense Information Systems Agency (DISA) General Fund and Working Capital Fund
- U.S. Transportation Command (USTRANSCOM) Working Capital Fund
- Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) General Fund, Working Capital Fund, and National Defense Stockpile Trust Fund



- Universe of Transactions provide detailed accounting transactions for material financial statement line items
- Fund Balance with Treasury provide processes to reconcile fund balance with Department of Treasury
- Journal Vouchers provide a list of material journal vouchers and support
- Existence, completeness, and rights and obligations and valuation of assets – provide asset populations and has applied alternative valuation methods to certain asset categories
- Environment and disposal liabilities for real property and general equipment – DoD has identified and valued it liabilities



Outcome of DoD FY 2018 First ever F/S Audit

- Disclaimer of opinion
- DoD did not expect clean opinion.
 - did not certify the financial statements were reliable.
- The most important outcome was audit identified deficiencies that the DoD is making progress at correcting







- Of the 21 entities audited
 - ✓ 5 unmodified opinions
 - ✓ 1 qualified opinion
 - ✓ 13 disclaimers of opinion
 - ✓ 2 audits were not completed (as of Jan 2019)
- DoD did not expect clean opinion.
- The most important outcome was audit identified deficiencies that the DoD is making progress at correcting

Most Significant Weaknesses Identified per DoD OIG

- Financial Management Systems and Information Technology
- Universe of Transactions
- Inventory
- Property, Plant, and Equipment
- Fund Balance with Treasury
- Financial Statement Compilation



- Management Discussion and Analysis
- Financial Statements
 - ✓ Statement of Budgetary Resources
 - ✓ Balance Sheet
 - ✓ Statement of Net Cost
 - ✓ Statement of Changes in Net Position
- Notes to the Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Stewardship Information
- Required Supplementary Information
- DoD OIG Audit Report
- Other Information
- Summary of DoD OIG FY 2019 Top Management Challenges

Top 10 DoD Management and Performance Challenges for 2019

- Implementing DoD Reform Initiatives
- Countering China, Russia, Iran, and North Korea
- Countering Global Terrorism
- Financial Management: Implement Timely and Effective Actions to Address Financial Management Weaknesses Identified During the First DoD-Wide Financial Statement Audit
- Improving Cyber Security Capabilities
- Ensuring Ethical conduct
- Enhancing Space-Based Operations, Missile Detection and Response, and Nuclear Deterrence
- Improving Readiness Throughout the DoD

Top 10 DoD Management and Performance Challenges for 2019 cont'd

- Acquisition and Contract Management: Ensuring that the DoD Gets What it Pays for On Time, at a Fair Price, and With the Right Capabilities
- Providing Comprehensive and Cost-Effective Health Care



- United States Government Accountability Office, Government Auditing Standards GAO-18-568G, 2018 Revision. aka...
 - ✓ Government Auditing Standards (GAS)
 - Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS)
 - ✓ Yellow Book
- https://www.gao.gov/assets/700/693136. pdf

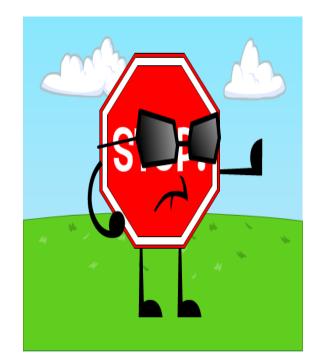
GAO	United States Government Accountability Office By the Comptroller General of the United States
July 2018	GOVERNMENT
	AUDITING STANDARDS
	2018 Revision

• Effective for

- Financial audits, attestation engagements and reviews of financial statements
 - for periods ending on or after June 30, 2020

Performance audits

- beginning on or after July 1, 2019
- Early implementation is not permitted





- Who must do a Yellow Book Audit
 - If required (by law, regulation, contract, grant agreement or policy)
 - Usually if participating in federal programs (i.e., grants or loan programs) over a certain dollar threshold
 - ✓ Anyone can voluntarily do one





Key updates from 2011 revision

- New format and organization
- ✓ Independence requirements
- ✓ CPE
- ✓ Peer Review requirements
- ✓ Finding Guidance
- ✓ Waste and abuse
- ✓ Standards for review of financial Statements
- ✓ Performance Audits

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